

SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year II Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations June-2024
NUMERICAL METHODS, PROBABILITY & STATISTICS
 (Common to CE & AGE)

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 60**(Answer all Five Units $5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1 Find a real root of the equation $xe^x - \cos x = 0$, using Newton – Raphson method. **CO1 L3 12M**

OR

- 2 a Using Newton's forward interpolation formula and the given table of values **CO1 L3 6M**

x	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9
f(x)	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61

Obtain the value of $f(x)$ when $x=1.4$.

- b Use Newton's backward interpolation formula to find $f(32)$ given **CO1 L3 6M**
 $f(25)=0.2707, f(30)=0.3027, f(35)=0.3386, f(40)=0.3794.$

UNIT-II

- 3 Using R-K method of 4th order, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 - y, y(0) = 1$. Find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.2)$. **CO2 L2 12M**

OR

- 4 a Compute $\int_0^4 e^x dx$ by Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule with 12 sub divisions. **CO2 L5 6M**

- b Compute $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x dx$ using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule and compare with exact value. **CO2 L5 6M**

UNIT-III

- 5 Calculate the first four central moments to the following data and also find Sheppard's correction, β_1 and β_2 **CO3 L3 12M**

Class intervals	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
frequency	2	8	12	40	20	15	3

OR

- 6 Two dice are thrown. Let A be the event that the sum of the point on the faces is 9. Let B be the event that at least one number is 6.
 Find (i) $P(A \cap B)$ (ii) $P(A \cup B)$ (iii) $P(A^c \cup B^c)$ (iv) $P(A^c \cap B^c)$
 (v) $P(A \cap B^c)$.

UNIT-IV

- 7 A random variable x has the following probability distribution function CO5 L3 12M

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
P(x)	k	2k	3k	4k	5k	6k	7k	8k

Find i) k ii) $P(X \leq 2)$ iii) $P(2 \leq x \leq 5)$.

OR

- 8 Suppose a continuous random variable X has the probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} k(1 - x^2) & \text{when } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ CO5 L3 12M

Find i) k ii) Mean iii) Variance.

UNIT-V

- 9 Fit a Binomial distribution to the following frequency distribution: CO5 L5 12M

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f	2	14	20	34	22	8

OR

- 10 Find two regression equations from the following data: CO6 L3 12M

X	10	25	34	42	37	35	36	45
Y	56	64	63	58	73	75	82	77

*** END ***